

Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 1 • Product and Company Identification

Product Name: LPS® 3 (Aerosol)

Part Number(s): 00316, C30316

Chemical Name: Petroleum Hydrocarbons

Product Use: A specialized soft-film spray coating designed to prevent rust and corrosion on steel, aluminum and other metals.

Manufacturer Information: LPS Laboratories, 4647 Hugh Howell Road, Tucker, GA, USA 30084

TEL: USA & Canada: 1 800 241-8334

Outside USA and Canada: +1 770 243-8800

FAX: USA & Canada: 1 800 543-1563

Outside USA and Canada: +1 770 243-8899

Emergency Telephone Number: Chemtrec: USA & Canada: 1 800 424-9300

Outside USA and Canada: +1 703 527-3887

Website: http://www.lpslabs.com

Section 2 • Hazards Identification

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Emergency Overview:

Aerosol: DANGER: Flammable. Contents under pressure.

Bulk: Not applicable

Primary route(s) of entry: Skin and eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential Acute Health Effects:

Eyes: Irritating to eyes.

Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Inhalation: Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause irritation of the respiratory tract, nausea, dizziness or headache.

Ingestion: Product has a low order of acute oral toxicity, but ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea, vomiting, and gastrointestinal

irritation. May cause injury if aspirated into lungs.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Carcinogenic Effects: NTP: No IARC: No OSHA: No ACGIH: No

Mutagenic Effects: None

Teratogenic Effects: None

Target Organs: None



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Persons with pre-existing central nervous system (CNS) disease, neurological conditions, skin disorders, chronic respiratory diseases, or impaired liver or kidney function should avoid exposure.

Signs and Symptoms

Stinging in eyes. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause redness, irritation, and scaling of the skin (dermatitis). Breathing of high vapor concentrations may cause headaches, stupor, irritation of throat and eyes, and kidney effects.

Section 3 • Composition / Information on Ingredients							
Component	CASRN	Weight Percent					
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	45 - 55%					
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	10 - 15%					
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	64742-54-7	5 - 10%					
Acetone	67-64-1	1 - 5%					
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	1 - 5%					
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1 - 5%					
Stoddard Solvent or Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic	8052-41-3 or 64742-88-7	1 - 2%					

Section 4 • First Aid Measures

Eyes: Check for and remove contact lenses. If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with cool, clean, low pressure water for at least 15

minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of the eye and eyelid tissue. DO NOT use eye ointment. Seek medical attention

immediately.

Skin: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Clean affected area thoroughly with mild soap and water. DO NOT use ointments. Seek medical

attention if irritation persists.

Inhalation: Immediately move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, immediately begin rescue breathing. If heart has stopped, immediately begin

cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). If breathing is difficult, seek medical attention immediately.

Ingestion: DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If

spontaneous vomiting is about to occur, place victim's head below knees. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with

head down. DO NOT leave victim unattended. Seek medical attention immediately.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 5 • Fire Fighting Measures

Products of Combustion: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

General Fire Hazards: Do not use on energized equipment. High heat will cause product to boil, evolving vapor that could cause

explosive rupture of closed containers.

Firefighting media: SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

LARGE FIRE: Use CO2, water spray, fog or foam. Cool containing vessels with water jet in order to prevent

pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosions.

Sensitivity to Impact: None Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Yes

Protection Clothing (Fire): Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing

apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Evacuate area and fight the fire from a maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards:

Aerosols may explode upon heating, spread fire and overcome sprinkler systems.

Section 6 • Accidental Release Measures

Containment Procedures: Small Spill and Leak: Eliminate ignition sources. Absorb with an inert material and dispose of properly.

Large Spill and Leak: Eliminate ignition sources. Secure the area and control access. Dike far ahead of a liquid spill to

ensure complete collection. Pick up free liquid for disposal using absorbent pads, sand, or other inert non-combustible absorbent materials. Place into appropriate waste containers for later

disposal.

Clean-Up Procedures: Recover free product and place in a suitable container for disposal.

Evacuation Procedures: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep unnecessary and unprotected people away.

Special Procedures: Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Wear personal protective equipment during cleanup. Be aware of spilled

 $\label{eq:material} \mbox{ material on walking surfaces - this product is slippery.}$

Section 7 • Handling and Storage

Handling: DO NOT spray into or around ignition sources. DO NOT allow material to come in contact with eyes or skin. Wear appropriate protective

equipment during handling. Keep container closed. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash

thoroughly after handling.

Storage: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Avoid all sources of ignition (spark or flame). Store between 40°F and 120°F (4.4°C and

49°C).

Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:

Store aerosols as Level 3 Aerosol (NFPA 30B). Store all materials in a dry, well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 8 • Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

Component	CASRN	OSHA	ACGIH	NIOSH	Supplier	
		5 mg/m3 (oil mist)	5 mg/m3 (oil mist) TLV	5 mg/m3 (oil mist) TWA	100 ppm TWA	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	PEL	10 mg/m3 (oil mist) STEL	10 mg/m3 (oil mist) STEL	525 mg/m3 TWA	
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	Not established	Not established	Not established	10 mg/m3 TWA (aerosol)	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy			5 mg/m3 (oil mist) TLV	5 mg/m3 (oil mist) TWA	None reported	
Paraffinic	64742-54-7	5 mg/m3 (oil mist)	10 mg/m3 (oil mist) STEL	10 mg/m3 (oil mist) STEL		
Academa	07.04.4	4000 mm DEI	500 ppm TLV	050 mm TMA	None reported	
Acetone	67-64-1	1000 ppm PEL	750 ppm STEL	250 ppm TWA		
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	Not established	Not established	Not established	50 ppm TWA	
Ondres Bisside	404.00.0	5000 mm DEI	5000 ppm TLV 5000 ppm TWA		Name and 1	
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	5000 ppm PEL	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEL	None reported	
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3					
or	or	5 mg/m3 (oil mist)	100 ppm TLV	350 mg/m3 TWA	None reported	
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic	64742-88-7					

Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the exposure guidelines listed above. **Engineering Controls:**

Personal protective equipment

Safety glasses with side shields conforming to appropriate regulations. Eye wash fountain and emergency shower facilities are Eye protection:

recommended.

Hand protection: Normally no hand protection is required; however, if product will be sprayed for an extended period, "overspray" onto skin may

occur. If so, wear chemical resistant gloves conforming to appropriate regulations. Please observe the instructions regarding

permeability and breakthrough time that are provided by the supplier of the gloves.

Typical use of this product under normal conditions does not require the use of respiratory protection. If airborne concentrations Respiratory protection:

are above the applicable exposure limits (listed above), use NIOSH approved respiratory protection (i.e. organic vapor

cartridge).

General Hygiene

Considerations:

Wash thoroughly after handling. Have eye-wash facilities immediately available.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 9 • Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Liquid Color: Hazy brown

Odor: Mild cherry Evaporation Rate: 151 (Ethyl Ether = 1)

Solubility Description: 5% in water Flash Point: 23°C (73°F) - dispensed liquid

Boiling Point: 153°C (307°F) **Flash Point Method**: Tag-Closed Cup

Specific Gravity (H2O=1): 0.84 - 0.87 @ 20°C Decomposition Temperature: Not established

Vapor Density (air = 1): 4.8 Auto ignition temperature: > 230°C (446°F) - dispensed liquid

Vapor Pressure: ~ 4860 mm Hg @ 20°C Flammable limits (estimated): LOWER: 1.0%

UPPER: 7.0%

Rule 1171 PPc: Not applicable Partition Coefficient Not established

(octanol/water):

V.O.C. Content: Aerosol: 64.0% per State & Federal Odor Threshold: Not established

Consumer Product Regulations

Bulk: Not applicable

Melting Point: Not established Viscosity: Not established

pH: Not applicable Volatiles: 70 - 80%

Heat of combustion: Aerosol: > 30 kJ/g

Bulk: Not applicable

Section 10 • Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Product is stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat and ignition sources.

Incompatibility: Extremely reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition: Combustion will generate smoke, possibly thick and choking, resulting in zero visibility and combustion products

include carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 11 • Toxicological Information

Acute and Chronic Toxicity

A: General Product Information

An acute toxicity study of this product has not been conducted. Information given in this section relates only to individual constituents contained in this preparation.

B: Component Analysis

Component	CASRN	LC-50	LD-50		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	21400 mg/m3 / rat / 4 hr*	> 8000 mg/kg / oral / rat*		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	04742-47-0	2 1400 mg/m3 / fat / 4 m	15400 mg/kg / dermal / rabbit*		
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	> 2.04 mg/L / rat / 4 hr*	3700 - 4400 mg/kg / oral / rat*		
Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ethel	29911-20-2	> 2.04 Hig/L / Tat / 4 Hi	5330 - 6490 mg/kg / dermal / rabbit*		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy	64742-54-7	Not established	> 15 g/kg / oral/ rat*		
Paraffinic	64742-54-7 Not established		> 5 g/kg / dermal / rabbit*		
Acetone	67-64-1	16000 ppm / rat / 4 hr*	5800 mg/kg / oral / rat*		
Acetone	07-04-1	10000 ppiii / 1at / 4 iii	20000 mg/kg / dermal / rabbit*		
Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	Not established	2124 - 2700 mg/kg / oral / female rat		
Propylene Grycol Monobatyl Ethel	3131-00-0	Not established	2612 - 5500 mg/kg / oral / male rat		
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	470000 ppm / rat / 30 minutes	Not appropriate		
Stoddard Solvent	8052-41-3		> 5000 mg/kg / oral / rat		
or	or	> 5500 mg/m3 / rat / 4 hr	> 3000 mg/kg / dermal / rat		
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Medium Aliphatic	64742-88-7	-			

^{*} Supplier Data

Component 64742-47-8 is a mild irritant and a skin and respiratory tract irritant. Human volunteers exposed to an airborne concentration of 400 ppm experienced no ill effects. Saturated vapors in air (or AP 8,200 mg/m3) are below the LC50 level in rats.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 12 • Ecological Information

Mobility: Semi-volatile. Readily absorbed into soil. Persistence / Degradability: Only slightly biodegradable

Bioaccumulative potential: No bioaccumulation potential Other adverse effects: None known

Ecological studies have not been conducted for this product. The following information is available for component(s) of this product.

Ecotoxicity

Effects on Organisms	Component CASRN Test Species		Results				
	Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	64742-47-8	96-hr LC50	Oncorhynchus Mykiss	3,200 µg/L*		
Acute Toxicity on Fishes	Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 29911-28-2 96-hr LC50 Poecilia Reticulata		841 mg/L*				
	Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	96-hr LC50	Poecilia Reticulata	560 - 1000 mg/L*		
Acute Toxicity on Daphnia	Dipropylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	29911-28-2	LC50	Daphnia Magna	> 1000 mg/L*		
Acute Toxicity on Daprilla	Propylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	5131-66-8	LC50	Daphnia Magna	> 1000 mg/L*		
Bacterial Inhibition							
Growth inhibition of algae	No data available						
Bioaccumulation in fish							

^{*} Supplier Data

For the 64742-47-8 component, no toxicity has been observed in water due to extremely low water solubility. However, hydrocarbon and petroleum distillates are potentially toxic to freshwater and saltwater ecosystems. If material is spilled on soil, some potential toxic effects could occur before biodegradation could remove material.

If spilled, the 64742-54-7 constituent may kill grasses and small plants by interfering with transpiration. Spilled material may coat gill structures of fish resulting in suffocation if spilled in shallow, running water. This product may be toxic to amphibians by preventing dermal respiration. This product may also cause gastrointestinal distress to birds and mammals through ingestion.

Section 13 • Disposal Considerations

Waste Status: Aerosol cans, if depressurized and emptied to less than 1 inch (2.54 cm) of fluid contents, are classified as non-hazardous waste under 40

CFR 261.7 (U.S.). If disposed of in its received form, the aerosol product carries the waste codes D001 and D003 (U.S.).

Disposal: Waste must be disposed of in accordance with any and all applicable environmental control rules and/or regulations.

Note: Chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information inaccurate,

incomplete, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive than federal laws

and regulations.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

Section 14 • Transport Information

D.O.T. Ground	Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	UN No.:	NA	
	Hazard Class:	ORM-D	Technical Name:	NA	
D.O. I. Ground	Subclass:	NA	Hazard Label:	ORM-D Already on box	
	Packing Group:	NA			
	UN No.:	1950	ADR Class:	2.1	
Road/Rail -	Packing Group:	NA	Classification Code:	5F	
ADR/RID	Name and description:	AEROSOLS, flammable	Hazard ID No.:	NA	
	Labeling:	2.1	Technical Name:	NA	
IMDG-IMO	UN No.:	1950	Class:	2	
	Shipping Name:	Aerosols	Subsidiary Risk:	2.1	
	Labeling:	2	Packing Group:	NA	
	Packing Instructions:	P003, LP02	EmS:	F-D, S-U	
	Marine pollutant:	No	Technical Name:	NA	
IATA - ICAO:	UN No.:	1950	Class:	2.1	
	Shipping Name:	Aerosols, flammable	Subclass:	NA	
	Packing Instructions:	203, Y203 (Ltd. Qty.)	Packing Group:	NA	
	Labeling:	Flammable Gas	Technical Name:	NA	

The preceding information is subject to change and must be verified prior to shipment. It is the responsibility of anyone offering hazardous materials for shipment to ensure compliance with all applicable regulations.

Section 15 • Regulatory Information

U.S. Federal Regulations

RCRA Hazardous Waste No.: D001, D003

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA):

Acetone 67-64-1 5000 lbs

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

All components of this product are TSCA inventory listed and/or are exempt.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories:

Sudden Release of Pressure, Fire Hazard, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard, Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard

This product contains the following toxic chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372):

No individual section 313 component is present at or above 1%.

Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): None

State Regulations

California: This product does not contain chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other

reproductive harm.

California and OTC States: This product is not regulated by Consumer Product Regulations. In California's SCAQMD, this product is intended for

maintenance and repair operations only. When used in manufacturing, this product does not meet the requirements of

SCAQMD's Rule 1144.



Revision Date: January 5, 2012 Supersedes: March 22, 2011

New Jersey Right to Know:

Aerosol: Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light 64742-47-8 • Diproplylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether 29911-28-2 • Calcium Sulfonate 61789-86-4 • Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic 64742-54-7 • Hydrotreated Microcrystalline Wax 64742-60-5 • Acetone 67-64-1 • Propylene Glycol Mono-n-butyl Ether 5131-66-8 • Carbon Dioxide 124-38-9 • Stoddard Solvent 64742-88-7 / 8052-41-3

Bulk: Not applicable

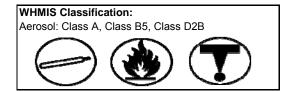
International Regulations

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA):

All of the components of this product are included on the Canadian Domestic Substances list (DSL).

Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System WHMIS:

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.



Other Regulations:

Montreal Protocol listed ingredients:

Stockholm Convention listed ingredients:

None
Rotterdam Convention listed engredients:

None
RoHS Compliant:

Yes

Section 16 • Other Information

MSDS#: 103		HMIS 1996		HMIS III			NFPA Flammability	
MSDS Preparation Responsible Name:		Health:	1	Health:	[/] 1		3	
Elena Badiuzzi Compliance Manager		Flammability:	3	Flammability Aerosol: Flammability Bulk:	4 NA	Health	100	Reactivity
Telephone: +1 770 243-8800		Reactivity:	0	Physical Hazard Aerosol: Physical Hazard Bulk:	2 NA		Special	

Notice to Reader:

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Elena Badiuzzi, Compliance Manager LPS Laboratories, a division of Illinois Tool Works