

(260) 489-0728 (260) 489-0825 Fax (260) 489-0519

# SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: 600 SILICONE SEALANT Military Specification: MIL-A-46106A Type 1

Supplier: American Sealants, Inc.

P.O. Box 80307

Fort Wayne, IN 46818

**Phone:** (260) 489-0728 **Fax:** (260) 489-0519

**Emergency**: (800) 535-5053 **Revision date**: 01/16/04

Chemical Family/Use: Silicone Rubber

Formula: Mixture

# SECTION 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Product Composition/ CAS. Reg. No. W	ACGIH TLV <u>STEL TWA</u> <u>STEL</u>			OSHA PEL <u>Units</u>		
A. Hazardous						
Methyltriacetoxysilane 4253-34-3	1-5	10(R)	NE	10(R)	NE	PPM
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane		_	<b>.</b>	GE REC	NE	GUIDE
556-67-2	1-5	5 ppm	NE	GE REC	NE	GODDE
B. Non-hazardous						
Silanol/STPD Siloxane W/MI	E SILSQXNS		N.TES	NIT	NE	NA
68554-67-6	5-10	NF	NE	NF	NE	MA
Tetramer Treated Fumed Silic			<b>.</b>	1.5	NE	MG/M3
68583-49-3	10-30	10	NE	15	INE	WOWIS
Dimethyl Polysiloxane Silano	ol/ST			37.4	NO	NA
70131-67-8	60-80	NA	NE	NA	NE	IN/A
Red Iron Oxide				4.0	NIE	MG/M3
1309-37-1	1-5	5	NE	10	NE	MG/M3

See Section 15 for description of any WHMIS Trade Secret(s)

## SECTION 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Emergency Overview:

This section not in use

### **Potential Health Effects:**

Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach

Skin Contact: Uncured product contact will irritate lips, gums and tongue

Uncured product contact may irritate the skin

Inhalation: Causes mild respiratory irritation

Eye Contact: Uncured product contact irritation.

Medical Conditions Aggravated: None Known

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Reproductive Disorders. May cause liver effects

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity: This product or one of its ingredients present 0.1% or more is NOT

listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

Products/Ingredients: This space reserved for special use Principle routes of exposure: Eyes, Inhalation Other: Acetic Acid released during curing.

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Ingestion:

Rodents give large dose via oral gavage of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (1600 mg/kg day, 14 days) developed increased liver weight relative to unexposed control animals due to hepatocellular hyperplasia (increased number of liver cells which appeared normal) as well as hypertrophy (increased cell size).

Inhalation:

In inhalation studies, laboratory rodents exposed to octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (300 ppm five days week, 90 days) developed increased liver weights in female animals relative to unexposed control animals. When the exposure was stopped, liver weights returned to normal. Microscopic examination of the liver cells id not show any evidence of pathology. Inhalation studies utilizing laboratory rabbits and guinea pigs showed no effects of liver weights. Inhalation exposures typical of industrial usage (5-10 ppm) showed no toxic effects in rodents.

Range finding reproductive studies were conducted (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation). With octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4). Rats were exposed to 70 and 700 ppm. In the 700 ppm group, there was a statistically significant reduction in mean litter size and in implantation sites. No D4 related clinical signs were observed in the pups and no exposure related pathological findings were found.

Interim results from a two generation reproductive study in rats exposed to 500 and 700 ppm D4 (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation) resulted in a statically significant decrease in live mean litter size as well as extended periods of off spring delivery (dystocia). These results were not observed at the 70 and 300 ppm dosing levels.

The relevance of these data to humans in unclear. Further studies are ongoing.

This product contains Methylpolysiloxanes which can generate Formaldehyde at approximately 300°F (150°C) and above, in atmospheres which contain oxygen. Formaldehyde is a skin and respiratory sensitizer, eye and throat irritant, acute toxicant, and potential cancer hazard.

### FIRST AID MEASURES SECTION 4.

Ingestion: None Known

Eye: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical

attention if irritation persists.

Skin: To clean from skin, remove completely with a dry cloth or paper towel, before washing with detergent and

water.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Note to Physician: None known

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES **SECTION** 5.

Flash Point (Method Used):

NA

(C) NA

(F) NA

(F) UNK

Method:

**Ignition Temp** 

NA

UNK

(C) UNK

Flammability Limits in air:

Lower (%): NA

Upper(%): NA

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact (Y/N): No

Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

Sensitivity to static discharge is not expected

Extinguishing Media:

All standard firefighting media

# SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Action to be taken if material is released or spilled: Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. Wash walking surfaces with detergent and water to reduce slipping hazards. Wear proper protective equipment as specified in the protective equipment section.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE 7. SECTION

### Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Remove contact lenses before using sealant. Do not handle lenses until all sealant has been cleaned from the fingertips for several days and transfer to lenses and cause severe eve irritation.

Product releases acetic acid during application and curing.

Use mechanical ventilation to stay below TLV of 10 ppm acetic acid.

Uncured product contact irritates eyes.

Uncured product contact may irritate skin.

### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION SECTION 8.

Engineering Controls: Exhaust ventilation

Eyewash stations

Use in a well ventilated area

Localized ventilation should be used to control dust levels.

Respiratory Protection: Use in a well ventilated area

Use approved NIOSH respiratory protection if TLV exceeded or over exposure

Protective Gloves: Cloth gloves

Eyes and face Protection: Use safety glasses Ventilation: Use only in well ventilated area

Mechanical ventilation

Other Protective Equipment: None known

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9. **SECTION**

**Product Information (F)** (C) NA NA **Boiling Point:** Vapor Pressure (20°C) (MM HG): **NEG** NEG Vapor Density (AIR=1): (F) (C) UNK UNK Freezing Point: (F) (C) UNK **Melting Point:** UNK **Physical State:** Solid Acetic Acid Odor: Red Color: Odor Threshold (PPM) 1.0 % Volatile by Volume: <3.9 Neg Evap. Rate (Butyl Acetate=1) Specific Gravity (Water=1) 1.06 1060 Density (KG/M3) UNK Acid/Alkalinity (MEQ/G) NA PH 1060 VOC (EPA METH.24) (G/L) Solubility in Water (20°C) Insoluble Solubility in Organic Solvent (State Solvent): Toluene

### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS SECTION 10.

Stability:

Stable

**Hazardous Polymerization:** 

Will Not Occur

**Hazardous Thermal Decomposition/Combustion Products:** 

Carbon Monoxide Carbon Dioxide Silicon Dioxide Acetic Acid Formaldehyde

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): None Known

Conditions to Avoid: None Known

### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION **SECTION 11.**

Methyltriacetoxysilane:

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

2,060 (RAT)

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

None Found

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

None Found

Other:

None Found

AMES Test:

Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

>64,000 (RAT)

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

>16,00 (RBT)

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

>41 MG/L 6HR (RAT)

Other:

Non-irritating to the skin (human)

AMES Test:

Silanol/STPD Siloxane W/ME SILSQXNS

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

>40,000 RAT, ESTM.

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

None Found

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

.535 MG/L ESTM

Other:

AMES Test:

**Tetramer Treated Fumed Silica** 

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

NA

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

NA

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

NA

Other:

AMES Test:

Dimethyl Polysiloxane Silanol/ST

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

RAT>40.000

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

Unknown

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

RAT >535 MG/L (4HR)

Other:

AMES Test:

**Red Iron Oxide** 

Acute Oral LD50 (MG/KG):

None found

Acute Dermal LD50 (MG/KG):

None Found

Acute Inhalation LC50 (MG/L)

None Found

Other:

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicological Information:** 

No data at this time

No data at this time

**Chemical Fate Information:** 

### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS **SECTION 13.**

Disposal Method:

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**Dot Shipping Name:** 

None

**Dot Hazard Class:** 

Not Dot Regulated

Dot Label(s):

None

**UN/NA Number:** 

None

Placards:

None

IATA:

Not regulated by IATA

IMO IMDG-code:

NA

**European Class:** 

RID (OCTI): ADR (ECE):

NA NA

RAR (DATA):

NA

#### REGULATORY INFORMATION **SECTION** 15.

**SARA Section 302:** 

None Found

SARA (311, 312) Hazardous Class: Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

SARA (313) Chemicals: None **CPSC Classification:** 

**Irritant** 

WHMIS Hazard Class: D2A Very Toxic Materials

D2B Toxic Materials

WHMIS Trade Secret: None

Export:

SCHDLE B HTSUS: 3910.00 Silicones in Primary Form

ECCN:

EAR99

**Hazard Rating System** 

**HMIS** 

Flammability 0, Reactivity 0, Health 2

**NFPA** 

Flammability 0, Reactivity 0, Health 2

California Proposition 65:

None

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This product or its components are on the European inventory of existing commercial chemicals (EINCES)..... These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. The recommended handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific content of the intended use.

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